Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:
Listing of Claims:



Claim 1(Currently Amended): A device for detecting visible fluorescence emitted from a fluorescent-labeled sample comprising:

- (a) a light source which produces incident light;
- (b) an exciter <u>filter</u> or bandpass filter through which the incident light passes to
- (c) a dichroic beamsplitter which reflects all incident light of a predetermined wavelength to a sample;
- (d) a barrier $\underline{\text{filter}}$ or longpass filter through which light from the beamsplitter contacts
- (e) an achromatic lens between—along a line of sight and the long passlongpass filter or the barrier filter.

Claim 2 (Original): The device according to claim 1 wherein the light source is selected from the group consisting of mercury vapor lamps, tungsten halogen lamps, xenon lamps, lasers, and combinations thereof.

Claim 3(Currently amended): A device for detecting visible fluorescence emitted from a fluorescent-labeled sample comprising:

- (a) a light source which produces incident light;
- (b) a light guide to transmit light from the light source to an excitation or bandpass filter;
- (c) a dichroic beamsplitter which reflects all incident light of a predetermined wavelength to a sample;
- (d) a longpass <u>filter</u> or barrier filter thought through which light from the beamsplitter is transmitted to a line of sight.

Claim 4 (Original): The device according to claim 3 wherein the light guide is a fiber optic light guide.

Claim 5 (Currently amended): The device according to claim 3 wherein the dichroic beamsplitter and the longpass filter or barrier filter are housed in a single fluor-cluster filter housing positioned at the tip of the light guide.

Claim 6(Currently amended): A method of examining a sample to detect fluorescence comprising:

contacting said sample with incident light which has been transmitted through a dichroic beamsplitter which

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reflects all incident light of a predetermined wavelength to the sample containing a fluorochrome;—and

transmitting light through a barrier filter or longpass filter; and

observing light emitted from the specimen through the beamsplitterbarrier filter or longpass filter.

Claim 7 (Original): The method according to claim 6 wherein the fluorochrome is calcein.

Claim 8 (Original): The method according to claim 6 wherein the sample is a live animal.

Claim 9 (Original): The method according to claim 8 wherein the animal is a salmon.

Claim 10 (Currently amended): The method according to claim 8 wherein the barrier filter or longpass filter is located in eyeglasses.